LEGAL NOTICE NO................

THE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT AND CO-ORDINATION ACT
(No. 8 of 1999)

THE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT AND CO-ORDINATION (EXTENDED PRODUCER RESPONSIBILITY) REGULATIONS, 2020

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THE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT AND CO-ORDINATION ACT, 1999
(No. 8 of 1999)

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by section 86 of the Environmental Management and Co-ordination Act, the Cabinet Secretary for Environment and Forestry, on the recommendation of the National Environment Management Authority, makes the following Regulations—

THE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT AND CO-ORDINATION (EXTENDED PRODUCER RESPONSIBILITY) REGULATIONS, 2020

PART I — PRELIMINARY

Citation.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Environmental Management and Co-ordination (Extended Producer Responsibility) Regulations, 2020.

Interpretation.

2. In these Regulations unless the context otherwise requires—

“Act” means the Environmental Management and Co-ordination Act;

“actors” refers different players in the extended producer responsibility value chain;

“Authority” means the National Environment Management Authority established under section 7 of the Act;

“circular economy” refers to initiatives for designing and redesigning out waste from products, extraction of maximum value from natural resources, closing of material loops and creation of new value from materials that would otherwise have been wasted;

“collective compliance scheme” refers to producers executing their extended producer responsibility obligations in a producer responsibility organisation;

“converter” means an entity that transforms or combines secondary raw materials to produce a new product;

“consumer,” means the end user of a product;

“compliance schemes,” refers to both individual and collective extended producer responsibility schemes;

“deposit refund scheme” means a collection system that requires a monetary deposit on a product at the point of sale where
consumers redeem the deposit when they return the product;

“extended producer responsibility” refers to an environmental management approach in which a producer’s responsibility for a product is extended to the post-consumer stage of a product life cycle;

“environmentally friendly or eco-design” means the practice of reducing environmental degradation and pollution by making products that comply with environmental sustainability that includes but not limited to minimal waste production, reusability, recyclability, compost ability, biodegradability and safe disposability;

“environment sustainability” means responsible interaction with the environment to avoid pollution, depletion or degradation of natural resources and allow for long-term environmental quality;

“free rider” means an individual or entity that does not contribute to a collective scheme but benefits from its existence and action; it includes producers who fail to manage own products at the post-consumer stage; producers who under declare their volumes, or fails to demonstrate fulfilment of individual extended producer responsibility obligations, producer in a pooled scheme who fails to pay their subscriptions, submit accurate information or fulfil their membership requirements;

“individual compliance scheme” refers to direct execution of extended producer responsibility obligations by an entity that is a sole producer of a product;

“mandatory initiatives” means initiatives implemented through government regulation;

‘Tribunal” means the National Environment Tribunal established under section 125 the Act;

“packaging,” means the material in which a product is wrapped or covered with in order to protect it or prevent it from being contaminated, sold or transported. in this regulation, packaging shall also be considered as a product;

“post-consumer” means a period after usage by a consumer when a product or packaging is discarded or becomes waste;

“producer” means an entity that introduces goods, products and packaging into the country using authorised means by manufacturing, importing, distributing, converting, selling or re-
selling or otherwise brings;

“product” means a good or packaging introduced in the Kenyan market by any entity or persons through production, importation, franchising, marketing, and distribution outlets and channels for consumption by the consumer;

“producer responsibility organisation” means a producers’ membership organization set up to assume legal obligation to implement extended producer responsibility on behalf of its members in a Collective compliance scheme;

“product life cycle,” means the environmental sustainability of a product in all its stages from raw material extraction, design, production, transportation, distribution, consumption or use, repair and maintenance, recycling and end of life disposal;

“recovery” means retrieval of materials from waste and includes repair, refurbishment, recycling, remanufacturing, composting, power generation, or any other initiative aimed at extracting value from material that would otherwise have been discarded as waste;

“take back” means a mechanism through which producers collect their products from consumers:

“waste” means—

(a) any substance, material or object, that is unwanted, rejected, abandoned, discarded or disposed of, or that is intended or required to be discarded or disposed of, by the holder of that substance, material or object, whether or not such substance, material or object can be re-used, recycled or recovered and includes all wastes as municipal waste, domestic waste, waste from agriculture, horticulture waste, aquaculture waste, forestry waste, medical waste, chemical, hazardous and toxic industrial waste, pesticide and toxic substances, but does not include radioactive waste; or

(b) any other substance, material or object that is not mentioned above but may be defined as a waste by the Cabinet Secretary by notice in the Gazette;

(c) any waste or portion of waste, referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) ceases to be a waste—

(i) once an application for its re-use, recycling or recovery has been approved by the Authority or, after such approval,
once it is, or has been re-used, recycled or recovered;

(ii) where approval is not required, once a waste is, or has been re-used, recycled or recovered; or

(iii) where the Cabinet Secretary has excluded any waste stream or a portion of a waste stream from the definition of waste; and

“waste management” means to control and monitoring of production to minimise waste, handing of post-consumer products including segregation at source, collection and take back schemes, transportation, processing of material recovered from waste, treatment and safe disposal of unrecoverable materials.

3. The object and purpose of these Regulations is to provide for extended producer responsibility for all products and packaging in all phases of their life cycle to enhance environmental sustainability through—

(a) reduction of pollution and environmental degradation;
(b) sustainable use of natural resources;
(c) promotion of circular economy;
(d) reduction of waste at source;
(e) promotion of environmentally friendly product designs; and
(f) promotion of a culture of environmental consciousness and responsibility.

4. These Regulations shall apply to individual compliance schemes and producer responsibility organisations for the products listed in the First Schedule.

PART II- EXTENDED PRODUCER RESPONSIBILITY OBLIGATION AND RESPONSIBILITIES

5. (1) Every producer shall bear extended producer responsibility obligation to reduce pollution and environmental impacts of the product that they introduce in the market.

(2) For purposes of fulfilling the obligation under sub regulation (1), a producer shall—

(a) establish post-consumer collection and take back schemes system which may include a deposit refund system;

(b) setting up individual or collective compliance scheme:
(c) register and provide reports of the status of the implementation of their extended producer responsibility obligations to the Authority through the reporting system established by the Authority;

(d) design products and packaging materials that minimize waste, facilitate reuse, recycling, recovery, use of secondary raw material where possible and are environmentally friendly at their end of life;

(e) take financial, organizational and physical responsibility for the management, treatment and disposal of their post-consumer products and end of life treatment for the waste generated by their products;

(f) provide updated information on quantities of products they introduce into the national market, recyclability and reusability, interpretation of packaging labels, market traceability mechanism and any other prescribed information through reporting system established by the Authority;

(g) provide consumer with information on their role on reuse, return, take back points, meaning of recycling and recovery labels and symbols on the products;

(h) raise awareness on management of post-consumer products that they introduce in the market;

(i) carry out product life cycle assessment in relation to their products for enhancing environmental sustainability;

(j) support establishment of markets for secondary raw materials;

(k) put in place circular economy initiatives and any other measures to reduce impact of their product on health and environment.; and

(l) fund research and development programs on emerging technologies to improve material recovery.

6. (1) Every producer shall fulfil the obligations in regulation 5 by setting up individual or collective compliance scheme(s).

(2) A producer may transfer part of or the entire extended producer obligations subject to a membership agreement to a collective compliance scheme through a producer responsibility organisation, in which they take membership.

(3) A producer’s obligation in a collective scheme shall include, but not be limited to, payment of membership fees to a registered and licensed producer responsibility organization.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions in sub regulation (2) and (3) above, lack of an established compliance scheme shall not exempt
any producer from extended producer responsibility obligations.

7. (1) The products covered under these Regulations shall primarily be those that negatively impact the environment and health due to—
   (a) the challenge they pose on—
      (i) reuse;
      (ii) recyclability; and
      (iii) recoverability;
   (b) the high management cost of the products at post-consumer stage
      because of the—
      (i) quantities involved;
      (ii) hazardous nature;
      (iii) risks involved

(2) The Authority shall, in addition to the products listed in the First Schedule, provide a list of products which from time to time may be subjected to extended producer responsibility compliance schemes.

PART III- REGISTRATION OF PRODUCER RESPONSIBILITY ORGANIZATIONS

8. (1) A producer shall not introduce a product listed in the First Schedule of this Regulations into the country, unless they have obtained producer responsibility registration from the Authority.

(2) A producer shall apply to the Authority for producer responsibility registration in Form A set out in the Second Schedule and pay the fee set out in the Third Schedule.

(3) A producer responsibility organisation shall apply to the Authority for registration in Form B set out in the Second Schedule and pay the fee set out in the Third Schedule.

(4) Every producer shall obtain a producer responsibility number, and a producer responsibility organisation shall obtain a producer extended responsibility number from the Authority.

(5) Every producer responsibility organisation shall register its members using the producer responsibility number obtained under sub regulation (4).

(6) The Authority shall issue an annual operating licence to individual producers’ compliance scheme and producer responsibility organisations’ that fulfil their performance standards as set out in the
work plan, fulfil reporting obligations and assessed to be of good standing by the Authority.

(7) The Authority may revoke, suspend or cancel an extended producer responsibility Registration Certificate if the individual producer compliance scheme or the producer responsibility organisation does not comply with statutory requirement or fails to meet the national target set out in the extended producer responsibility agreement entered into by the actors in the collective scheme.

9. (1) The requirements for registration or renewal of a producer responsibility organization shall be as provided under Fourth Schedule.

(2) The Authority shall issue an interim permit in set out in the Third Schedule for a period of ninety days for registration to enable the producer responsibility organization undertake stakeholder engagement.

10. (1) The Authority may, after the issuance of an annual operating licence—
(a) cancel or revoke such licence; or
(b) suspend such licence, for such time, not more than twenty-four months, where the licensee contravenes the provisions of the licence.

(2) Whenever a licence is revoked, suspended or cancelled, the holder thereof shall not proceed with the EPR scheme and each individual member of the PRO shall be responsible for the management of their product.

(3) Where the Authority cancels, revokes or suspends a licence in accordance with this section, the reasons for such action shall be given to the licensee in writing.

11. (1) The individual producer responsibility compliance scheme systems shall be approved by the Authority for a maximum period of four years (renewable) on condition that the producer demonstrates proof of operational, technical, managerial and financial capacity to meet their EPR obligations and the national targets.

(2) The Producer Responsibility Organisation shall be approved by the Authority for a maximum period of 4 years (renewable) on condition that the PRO demonstrates technical, managerial, financial and staffing and operational capacity to fulfil the requirements set out in the articles of association and agreements set by the members and stakeholders’ in the value chain.

12. (1) The Ministry shall, upon recommendation from the
Authority—
(a) *Gazette* collective national objectives, frameworks and targets for extended producer responsibility compliance schemes;

(b) issue appropriate guidelines to support implementation of this regulations; and

(c) publicize the national targets and guidelines.

EPR Plan

13. Every individual and collective compliance scheme shall submit a two-year work plan to the Authority as provided for in the Seventh Schedule.

14. (1) The Producer Responsibility Organisation shall be responsible for executing extended producer responsibility obligations on behalf of its members.

(2) The producer responsibility organization shall take the organisational and management responsibility for collection, sorting, material recovery, recycling, treatment and end of life management of its members’ products.

(3) The amount, ceiling and collection methods for the financial contribution under sub regulation (1) shall be as set out in the terms of reference of the contract.

(4) The PRO shall be responsible establishing post-consumer collection and take back schemes system which may include a deposit refund system.

(5) The members of the Producer Responsibility Organisation shall provide financial contributions which shall be used in their entirety to accomplish the extended producer responsibility obligations as set out in sub regulation (10).

(6) The Producer Responsibility Organisation shall be responsible for modulation of EPR fees according to established environmental criteria on product design, useful life and end of life management as set out in the membership registration requirements and as reviewed during the annual members’ general meeting.

(7) Subject to conditions and limitations set out in the producer responsibility organization contract, a proportion of the waste recovered may be set aside for reuse or for recovery of usable parts.

(8) The Producer Responsibility Organisation shall be responsible for raising awareness on waste prevention, post-consumer product
management and payment of a contribution to finance cross-sectorial communication campaigns in their territory of operation.

(9) Producer responsibility organisational shall undertake market development for the secondary raw materials market of the products under their scope.

(10) Producer Responsibility Organization shall fund research and development programs on emerging technologies to improve material recovery;

(11) A Producer Responsibility Organisation recommend to the Authority to restrict or ban harmful or dangerous substances that undermine environmental sustainability in the products of its membership.

(12) A Producer Responsibility Organisation shall set minimum targets based on the national targets in clause 12(1) for reuse, recycling and recovery for its members and offer incentives for waste service providers and informal waste holders to encourage sorting of waste at source.

(13) A Producer Responsibility Organisation shall undertake organised monitoring of its membership activities to ascertain that objectives are being achieved and to trigger inspections in view of applying sanctions to members who fail to fulfil their membership obligations.

(14) A Producer Responsibility Organisation may establish any other applicable mechanisms and systems for enforcing extended producer responsibility of its members.

(15) The producer responsibility organization may be required to communicate to county governments the information they have on the quantities of waste collected and recovered through the extended producer responsibility mechanisms that have been declared in their territory of operation.

(16) The producer responsibility organization shall comply with the sustainable waste management objectives set by the Authority.

(17) All Producer Responsibility Organisation shall ensure effective management and harmonious relations between the different actors involved in the scheme.

(18) Every Producer Responsibility Organisation shall hold an annual member meeting to deliberate on the progress and performance of the PRO, governance, management and administrative systems.

15. (1) Members to a collective EPR compliance scheme shall pay
Modulation of EPR fees

registration fees to the relevant producer responsibility organization, which shall then assume responsibility for the post-consumer and end of life management in lieu of the producers’ products.

(2) Members to a collective EPR compliance scheme shall contribute an annual subscription fee towards a collective extended producer responsibility compliance scheme.

(3) Members to a collective EPR compliance scheme shall pay extended producer responsibility fees, calculated using the same parameters for all the producers in a given scheme, and shall vary from one producer to another as provided for in Eleventh Schedule.

(4) The Extended Producer Responsibility fees shall be modulated based on sustainability measures as provided in the Eleventh Schedule.

(5) The PRO shall submit to the Authority EPR fees structure agreed among members calculated using guidance provided in Schedule Eleven.

PRO finance

16. (1) The extended producer responsibility fees paid into the PRO shall be used for—

(a) Putting in place post-consumer products collection, logistics, recycling, recovery and safe disposal.

(b) Engagement of downstream partners in the chain who take back, recycle and treat and end-of-life product disposal.

(c) Consumer education and public awareness on sustainable waste management practices;

(d) Training and capacity building of actors in the scheme including but not limited to waste service providers, transporters and recyclers;

(e) Management and administrative overheads of the extended producer responsibility system;

(f) To develop secondary markets and uses for the products under their scope;

(g) Fund research and development programs and on emerging technologies to improve material recovery removal of pollutants and effective systems for handling post-consumer products;

(h) Machinery and equipment to support collection and recovery; and

(i) Guide members on eco-design standards of their products and
recycler-friendly packaging.

(2) The fees recovered under sub regulation (1) shall not be used for profit making purposes. All proceeds shall be ploughed back to the scheme to enhance sustainable waste management initiatives.

17. A producer responsibility organization shall enter into formal agreements with their members, waste service providers, recyclers’ and other key actors as required by the compliance scheme.

18. (1) Members of a producer responsibility organisation are responsible for the management of the Producer Responsibility Organization.

(2) The producers shall be shareholders of the producer responsibility organization to which they belong.

19. (1) There shall be only one producer responsibility organisation per product.

(2) Notwithstanding sub regulation (1) above, the Authority may allow more than one Producer Responsibility Organisation to accommodate material variation of the product.

20. (1) The Authority shall issue registration certificate to registered licensed compliance schemes for—

   (a) individual producer responsibility; and
   
   (b) producer responsibility organisation.

(2) Application for registration and renewal for the individual producer responsibility compliance scheme and Collective Producer Responsibility Organisation shall be done in standard forms and submitted to the Authority as prescribed under Schedule Two.

21. The Authority shall issue Annual operating license to a registered and licensed compliance scheme if the scheme meets the performance and reporting requirements provided under these Regulations and payment of the fee set out in the Third Schedule.

22. (1) The fee payable under this Regulation shall be as prescribed in the Sixth Schedule of these Regulations.

(2) Requirements for registration and renewal shall be as prescribed in the Ninth Schedule.

23. (1) The renewal of the registration issued under regulation 18 shall be done at the end of the four-year period subject to annual review
reports by the Authority.

(2) Any deregistered producer responsibility organization may re-apply subject to fulfilling the conditions and set out requirements.

(3) The Authority shall establish a reporting mechanism for all the individual and collective extended producer responsibility schemes.

24. (1) All producers shall maintain updated records of products managed, eco-design standards, contracts entered into by licensed waste service providers and Recyclers, and level of performance as per the work plan.

(2) All compliance schemes shall maintain updated records of products managed, eco-design standards, contracts entered into by licensed waste service providers and Recyclers, and level of performance as per the work plan.

(3) All compliance schemes shall publish their annual extended producer responsibility reports by 31st December of every year.

(4) All extended producer responsibility schemes both individual and collective shall submit up-to-date annual report of the preceding year to the Authority by January 31st of every year.

PART IV - EPR SCHEMES AND WASTE MANAGEMENT SERVICES

25. The Producer Responsibility Organisations may enter into public private partnerships with county governments for purposes of—
(a) establishment and operationalization of collection, take back and disposal; or
(b) setting up material recovery and sustainable waste management facilities.

26. Compliance schemes shall operate under written agreement and contract, with designated waste actors with terms governing their engagement.

PART V-LICENSENING, MONITORING AND COMPLIANCE

27. The Authority shall monitor the operation of extended producer responsibility chains and producer responsibility organization, by setting operational rules and targets including—
(a) registration of producers under the First Schedule bearing extended producer responsibility obligations;

(b) issue certificate of registration of extended producer responsibility for individual and collective schemes;

(c) renewal of registration and issuance of annual operating licenses;

(d) shall determine and review the terms of reference for registration and certifications from time to time;

(e) undertake periodic review of extended producer responsibly targets;

(f) shall maintain registration of all licensed producer responsibility both individual and collective which shall be made available to the public;

(g) updating the list of covered products within the extended producer responsibility;

(h) maintain an updated register of all registered and licensed individual compliance schemes and producer responsibility organisations.

(i) maintain and update periodic data transmitted by producer responsibility organization;

(j) publishing annual status reports of compliance schemes;

(k) evaluating the operations of extended producer responsibility chains;

(l) ensuring proper implementation of extended producer responsibility schemes, including assessment of product and waste chains (quantities marketed, waste collected and treated, etc.)

(m) verify that producer responsibility organizations comply with the terms of their authorisation, and take measures to sanction those that do not comply.;

(n) designation of products to be included in the First Schedule; and

(o) undertake capacity building and public awareness to support implementation of this regulation.
28. (1) All registered and licensed schemes shall be subject to oversight by the Authority.

(2) All compliance schemes shall be monitored and audited annually by the Authority to ascertain whether it has attained its objectives, as well as to determine Kenya’s position in relation to the objectives set for waste management.

(3) The data gathered will be used to improve the performance and regulatory process and to sanction actors who are not in compliance, if necessary.

(4) The Authority shall maintain an updated register of all schemes which shall be made available to the public.

(5) The Authority shall in consultation with Lead Agencies recommend to the Ministry collective national objectives, frameworks and targets for extended producer responsibility compliance schemes.

PART VI – GENERAL PROVISIONS

29. (1) Any person aggrieved by the decision of the Authority can file an Appeal at the National Environment Tribunal.

(2) Any person who is aggrieved by—

(a) the grant of a licence or certificate or a refusal to grant a licence or certificate under these regulations;

(b) the imposition of any condition, limitation or restriction on a licence or certificate issued under these regulations;

(c) the revocation, suspension or variation of a licence or certificate of registration issued under these regulations;

(d) the imposition against him of an environmental restoration order or environmental improvement order by the Authority under this regulations made thereunder,

may within sixty days after the decision make an appeal to the Tribunal.

30. (1) It shall be an offence for an individual compliance scheme or a producer responsibility organization to wilfully fail to undertake their obligation.

(2) Where a producer responsibility organization is found guilty of the offence under sub regulation (1) the cost of management of the said
obligation be borne by the offender.

(3) It shall be an offence for a producer or Producer Responsibility Organisation to under-declare or give false information on quantities held or managed under the EPR scheme.

(4) A producer who is not a member of a related producer responsibility organization, a free rider and does not fulfil their individual obligations commits an offence.

(5) Any person who violates the provisions of these Regulations commits an offence and is liable on conviction to imprisonment for such a term not exceeding two years or to fine not less than Kshs two million or not exceeding Kshs four million or to both

31. Any producer who before the commencement of these Regulations was producing any of the products listed in the First Schedule shall apply to the Authority for a registration within six months after the commencement of these Regulations and ensure compliance with the provisions of these Regulations.
FIRST SCHEDULE

List of products and packaging subject to extended producer responsibility compliance scheme

1. Composites.
2. Agricultural film.
4. Oils and lubricants.
5. Plastic and rubber products.
6. Aluminium products.
7. Glass.
8. Electrical and Electronic Equipment (EEE).
11. Mercury Auto Switches and thermostats.
13. Pharmaceuticals products including packaging.
15. Tyres.
17. Leather.
18. Rubber.
19. Agrochemicals and veterinary products including packaging.
SECOND SCHEDULE: FORMS

FORM A

APPLICATION TO OPERATE INDIVIDUAL /COLLECTIVE PRODUCERS
EXTENDED PRODUCER RESPONSIBILITY SCHEME

1. I hereby apply for a license to undertake Extended Producer Responsibility objectives for
………………………………(product name) of which particulars are as given below;

Full Name of Applicant or contact person………………………………………………..

Name of company on behalf of which the application is being made (if applicable)
………………………………………………………………………………………………

Producer responsibility registration number/Producer Responsibility Organization registration
number…………………………………………………………………………………………

Registered address of Applicant/Company ……………………………………………
( Address and postcode)

Physical Locality :( location, building) .................................................................

County ..............................................................................................................

Phone/Mobile number .........................................................................................

E-mail Address ...................................................................................................

PIN Number ........................................................................................................

Company Registration Number ...........................................................................
(If applicable)

2. Production and product lifecycle management

2.1 Indicate the category(s) of producer you belong (tick appropriately)

i. Manufacture □

ii. Importer □

iii. Distributor □

iv. Converter □

v. Others...........................................(please specify)

2.2 List product(s) as per 2.1

..............................................................................................................................

2.3 State the nature of product(s) and its packaging (e.g. water packaged in a PET bottle with
seals and labels).

..............................................................................................................................
2.4 Describe circular economy initiative for your product(s) [reuse, recyclability, recoverability, energy efficiency]


2.5 What is the annual volume/quantity of product(s) introduced into the market?


2.6 State the estimated annual amount of your product/product components at post-consumer stage.


2.7 State mechanisms put in place for identification and tracking of your product(s)?


3 Attach the following documents together with the application form

(Refer to schedule X)

i. A copy of the Certificate of Registration issued by the Registrar of Companies
ii. Kenya Revenue Authority (KRA) Certificate
iii. A copy of lease agreement of the facility of operation
iv. Two-year work plan and budget/financial plan in relation to the proposed scheme Product/Packaging (Individual EPR)
v. One (1) hard copy of & one (1) soft copy of the work plan according to signed minutes of the engagement with proposed actors of the scheme
vi. The Extended Producer Reponsibility Plan
SECOND SCHEUDLE

FORM D

APPLICATION/RENEWAL FOR ANNUAL LICENSE

I hereby apply for a license to undertake extended producer responsibility obligations for…………………… (product name) of which particulars are given below.

Name and address of the applicant
…………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

Physical Address …………………………………………………………………………………………………

Postal Address…………………………………………………………………………………………………

Telephone Number…………………………………………………………………………………………

Email Address…………………………………………………………………………………………………..

PIN Number: ………………………………………………………………………………………………………

Registration number of the Extended Producer Responsibility Scheme
……………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

Number of members:
……………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

Type of Product:………………………………………………………………………………………………

Category of Extended Producer Responsibility Scheme
……………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

Annual estimated volume or quantity of product:…………………………………………………………

NB. Please attach requirements as outlined in Schedule Nine(9)

Date:……………………………..Signature …………………………………………………..

Designation /Title ……………………………………………………………………………………………

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

Application received by …………………………………………………………………….on
……………………………..20…….

Fees paid Kshs …………………………………………………………………………………………

(in words)

Director General
National Environment Management Authority
THIRD SCHEDULE

Certificate No……….

EXTENDED PRODUCER RESPONSIBILITY
CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION

This certificate has been issued to …………… ………………………………… (Extended Producer Responsibility name) in fulfilment of the Extended Producer Responsibility Registration requirements in compliance with the Environmental Management and Coordination (Extended Producer Responsibility) Regulations 2020.

Date of issue: …………………………………………..

Expiry Date;……………………………………………..

Signature …………………………………..

Director General

National Environment Management Authority

FORM C

ANNUAL LICENCE TO OPERATE AN EXTENDED PRODUCER RESPONSIBILITY SCHEME

License number:………………………………………………………………...

Application Reference:………………………………………………………….

Name:………………………………………………………………………………

Postal Address: …………………………………………………………………

You are hereby licensed to undertake Extended Producer Responsibility Obligations for ………………. (product)

This License is valid from……….. (date of issue) to ………………. (date of expiry)

This license is subject to the following conditions (see over leaf).

Date issued: ……………………………………………………………………….
FOURTH SCHEDULE
EXTENDED PRODUCER RESPONSIBILITY (EPR) PLAN

Components of an EPR plan

(a) Baseline for the products and packaging handled;
(b) Minimum targets for reuse, recycling or recovery operations;
(c) Collection, logistics, recycling and composting system and end of life disposal;
(d) Modulation of EPR membership fees and parameters based on environmental sustainability criteria as stipulated under regulation
(e) Public awareness and consumer education and information program on waste segregation and proper handling of postconsumer products;
(f) Verifiable paid up membership;
(g) List of service providers and actors in the scheme;
(h) Eco-design guidelines for the products handled by the scheme;
(i) A mechanism of controlling banned or dangerous substances’ in products;
(j) An annual reporting mechanism;
(k) Training and capacity building of members and actors in the scheme;
(l) Organized monitoring of members, product traceability system, inspections with a view of applying sanctions on producers who fail to meet expected requirements;
(m) Model of financing the scheme and itemized budget based on actual cost;
(n) Any other actions necessary for execution of responsibility or items prescribed by the Authority.
SCHEDULE V
INTERIM PERMIT FOR PRODUCER RESPONSIBILITY ORGANIZATION
(Extended Producer Responsibility Regulations, 2020)

Permit Number: ........................................

This is to authorize ................................................................. (Name of Producer Responsibility Organization) to undertake extended producer responsibility obligations for ................................................................. (name of product).

This permit is valid for a period of three (3) months from ........................................ (Date of issue) to ........................................ (date of expiry).

NOTE: This permit is not a guarantee for registration certificate.

Signature................................................

Director General

National Environment Management Authority
SIXTH SCHEDULE: FEES

Director General
National Environment Management Authority

Application fees

Registration
1. Collective Extended Producer Responsibility Schemes – Ksh. 10,000
2. Individual Extended Producer Responsibility Schemes – Ksh. 5,000

Renewal of Registration
1. Collective Extended Producer Responsibility Schemes – Ksh. 10,000
2. Individual Extended Producer Responsibility Schemes – Ksh. 10,000

Annual Licence
1. Collective Extended Producer Responsibility Scheme – Ksh. 10,000
2. Individual Extended Producer Responsibility Scheme – Ksh. 10,000

Individual producer registration (one off) – Ksh. 5000
SEVENTH SCHEDULE

REQUIREMENTS FOR ISSUANCE OF ANNUAL OPERATIONAL LICENSE:

a) Progress report for the past year
b) Certified copy of annual returns filled with the registrar of companies including audited financial accounts;
c) Certified copy of current register of PRO members
d) Certified copy of agreements with service providers
e) Work plan for the coming year
f) Copy of the registration certificate
g) Updated register of PRO members
h) Progress report of the previous year (for renewal)
i) Work plan and budget for the coming year
j) Audited financial accounts (for renewal)
k) Proof of payment of prescribed fees
EIGTSCHEDULE

a) INDIVIDUAL COMPLIANCE SCHEME REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS

Requirements for registration:

i. A declaration that the company is the sole producer of the product in the country
ii. Proof of registration as a company.
iii. Provide an EPR plan (see Schedule VII)
iv. Provide actual copies of contracts entered into with relevant actors of the EPR scheme.
v. Payment of the prescribed fees to the Authority
vi. Provide a dispute resolution mechanism for the actors in the scheme
vii. Ensure that the Articles and Memorandum of Association of the company declares that the sole business of the company is to undertake EPR obligations on the specific products.

b) PRODUCER RESPONSIBILITY ORGANISATION REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS

Requirements for interim registration:

i. Minutes of the meeting of sector members attended by at least 30 companies, the interim officials, the resolution and a reserved business name after the meeting
ii. List of membership

Requirements for registration / renewal

i. Proof of registration as a company limited by guarantee as provided by the Companies Act Kenya
ii. Updated list of membership and fee structure of the membership.
iii. Provide an EPR plan (see Schedule VII)
iv. Signed minutes of meetings with relevant actors
v. Provide copy of lease agreement of the facility of operation
vi. Payment of the prescribed fees to the Authority
vii. Provide a dispute resolution mechanism for the actors in the scheme
viii. Ensure that the Articles and Memorandum of Association of the company declares that the sole business of the company is to undertake EPR obligations on the specific products.
ix. The directorship and membership of the company comprises of members of the PRO
x. Memorandum of Association to declare change of Directorship every two years
xi. EPR fees structure agreed among members calculated using guidance provided in Schedule Eleven
xii. (For renewal), submit a progress report on achievement of set targets.
NINTH SCHEDULE

Parameters for modulation of EPR fees within a PRO.

a) Quantity of products introduced to the market.
b) Existence of mechanism for segregation of products at source.
c) Recyclability and Recoverability of products.
d) Existence of markets for use of producer’s secondary raw material.
e) Absence/presence of hazardous or none hazardous but disruptive additives.
f) Products with or without defined environmental foot prints.

Made on the…………………………………………………………2020.

KERIAKO TOBIKO,
Cabinet Secretary,
Ministry of Environment and Forestry.